

COURIER-JOURNAL AGENTS.

If you want extra copies of the Courier-Journal election day, Tuesday, November 2, or after, order at once. No extras sent unless ordered.

COURIER-JOURNAL ELECTION RETURNS.

As has been the custom for many years, the Courier-Journal will display its election returns on the fourth-avenue side of the building to-morrow night. The Courier-Journal has arranged for a complete and costly messenger service, by which it will secure the returns from every precinct in Louisville and Jefferson county at the earliest possible moment. These will be shown by stereoscopic camera to the whole public.

Everyone is invited to see the Courier-Journal returns, which will be thrown upon the canvas as rapidly as they are secured.

The Weather.

Forecast for Monday and Tuesday: Kentucky—Rain Monday; Tuesday probably showers and cooler.

THE LATEST.

President Taft was kept on the go in New Orleans and he retired to his train a third man, declining invitations to dinner. The President visited the naval station, Jackson Barracks and the French quarter and attended a vocal concert at Tulane University. His train will leave here daylight for Jackson, Miss., where the day will be spent.

Mr. Hearst closed his campaign in New York last night. Grand opera singers entertained the audience until the candidate arrived at the meeting, which was held in Madison Square Garden. Chairman Parsons, of the Republican committee, estimates the vote for Bannard at 250,000, Gaynor's at 130,000 and Hearst, third, with 140,000.

The mutiny of a portion of the Greek navy seems to be crushed, but the situation in King George's country remains at an acute crisis. The question of King George's abdication and his possible successor and the further action of the Military League, now acknowledged to sway the country, are likely to present interesting developments.

The Pope has sent a telegram to the general of the Polish Fathers at Orenstockawa, Russian Poland, offering a new diamond crown to replace that which was stolen a few nights ago from the chapel of the Paulist convent, when the venerated image of the Virgin was despoiled.

European politics promise several matters of interest this week. The British House of Commons adjourns on Friday and the budget, which opponents of the Government declare is scheduled for defeat, will then be in the hands of the House of Lords.

Two bombs were exploded in the downtown section of Chicago last night. The explosions took place in buildings in which it is said gambling clubs are being operated. The explosions caused panics in hotels and theaters, but no one was injured.

Engineer Roscoe Leech was killed and Engineer Joan Downey and Fireman Byrd injured in a collision between freight trains on the Queen and Crescent near McKinney Station, Ky. The victims were from Danville. Byrd will die.

Cadet Eugene E. Byrne, who was injured in Saturday's football game between the Army team and Harvard, died at 6:35 o'clock yesterday morning. His father, former chief of police, John Byrne, of Buffalo, was with him when he died.

Foreign events of intimate importance to the United States this week are the opening of the Cuban Congress at Havana to-day and the election, on Tuesday of delegates to the Philippine Assembly.

Four British warships have arrived at Phaleron, Greece. The rebellion has been ended for the present and the last of the naval vessels has been recaptured from the mutinous naval officers.

John Stewart Kennedy, lawyer, financier and philanthropist, died in New York of whooping cough. He was within two months of his eightieth birthday.

The programme of the visit of President Taft at Jackson, Miss., to-day includes a reception at the Statehouse and a banquet at \$25 a plate.

Six persons were killed and twelve were injured by the derailment of an electric train which was being tested for speed in France.

Two men were killed and another was probably fatally injured by a passenger train striking an automobile at Lynbrook, L. I.

The Southern Conservation Congress will meet in New Orleans to-day. Delegates from sixteen States will be present.

King Menelik is reported to be sinking fast.

DIES A VICTIM OF FOOTBALL

Eugene A. Byrne Succumbs To Injuries

Received In Harvard-Army Game Saturday.

Sad Scene At Young Soldier's Deathbed.

MAY PROVE BLOW TO SPORT.

FOOTBALL SEASON ENDS FOR WEST POINT.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Because of the death of Eugene A. Byrne, of Buffalo, N. Y., no more football will be played by the West Point eleven this year. This statement was made by Col. Hugh L. Scott, superintendent of the United States Military Academy, late to-night after a consultation with the athletic authorities of the academy on the death of young Byrne, who expired this morning as a result of injuries sustained in the Harvard game yesterday.

West Point, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Cadet Eugene A. Byrne, of Buffalo, N. Y., a fourth year man at the United States Military Academy, died in the cadet hospital at 6:35 o'clock this morning, a sacrifice to football. The Army is accustomed to death, but not in this deplorable form; and this tragedy of the gridiron has brought such poignant grief to officers and cadets alike that the end of football at West Point and Annapolis is predicted by many.

Father At Bedside.

Young Byrne expired with his grief-stricken father, John Byrne, a Civil war veteran, at his bedside. Brave as was the young soldier's fight against death, it was hopeless from the start. Buried beneath a mass of struggling players in the Harvard-Army game yesterday, his neck was twisted and broken by the weight of the crushing pile above him and he was picked up with every nerve of his body except those of his head and face helpless to perform their functions.

Cause of Soldier's Death.

Only the immediate resort to artificial respiration kept the boy from almost instant death, for he did not draw a natural breath after receiving the fatal shock. Surgeons were unable to make a complete examination last night on account of his critical condition and opinion varied as to whether a blow on the spine or on the solar plexus caused the paralysis. But X-ray photographs taken after his death revealed a dislocation between the third and second cervical vertebrae, causing the first vertebrae to be thrown forward, pressing against and probably resulting in a lesion in those nerve centers of the medulla oblongata, which govern the respiratory muscles. This caused the natural process of breathing to cease altogether and the artificial means of respiration resorted to was all that kept the injured cadet alive until this morning. No autopsy was held aside from the X-ray examination.

Funeral To Be Held To-day.

Byrne's father bore the shock of the fatality with fortitude. Byrne's mother reached here at 3:30 o'clock this morning. Funeral services will be held to-morrow in the Catholic chapel at the post, where the body was taken this afternoon. A cadet guard has been posted at the chapel and details of young soldiers will watch over the body until after the services to-morrow.

Full Military Honors.

The funeral will be conducted with full military honors. Mgr. C. G. O'Keefe, in charge of the Catholic chapel in this vicinity, will officiate. The effect which the accident might have upon the remainder of the football schedule was discussed to-day. The sentiment has not had time to crystallize, but more than one opinion was voiced that the season would result in curtailing the remainder of the season's playing, if not the cancellation of the entire schedule, including the Army-Navy game.

Official Expression Meager.

Official expression on the matter is meager. When Col. Hugh L. Scott, the academy superintendent, was asked for his opinion, he replied: "That is a matter I cannot discuss now." Taken to the cadet hospital, skilled surgeons, working with relays of capable attendants, labored over Byrne throughout the night. Conscious at times, he realized the seriousness of his condition, as the physicians and nurses kept at their task, and with a smile and an occasional cheering word encouraged them in their labors.

Realized End Was Near.

The surgeons realized as the hours wore on that they were only prolonging, not to save a life; and Byrne knew it, too, before the new day broke. He faced death bravely, only thoughtful for the grief-stricken father who was with him when the end came. Meanwhile the current of life at the academy had almost ceased. The reservation was transformed into a lodge of sorrow and grief found its expression in countless ways. All social functions planned for last night, including the long-looked-for hop, were cancelled.

By order of Col. Scott, cadet activities for the day were directed to be only such as were necessary. There was no parade to-night, the flag was lowered to half-mast and directions

(Continued On Seventh Page.)

COME TO LOUISVILLE, WHERE THE "COLORED PEOPLE HAS PRIVILEGES"

As long ago as last July negroes connected with the Republican Club "blind tigers" that have flourished in Louisville during the campaign, began inviting negroes from other cities to come to Louisville, where "colored people has privileges," and "people of our color will be on an equality with any dam white person."

According to the letter, "the people now in power in the city hall want a if the colored people they can get to come here."

The letter is written on the stationery of the "Young Men's Colored Republican Club," whose manager, Billy Lemo, has been indicted by the October grand jury.

The reproduction of the letter is as follows:

Young Men's Colored Republican Club,
Of the Ninth Ward.

OFFICERS:
JOE MAYFIELD, President.
PINK ALEXANDER, Vice President.
WILLIAM EDINGTON, Secretary.
GEORGE MALLORY, Recording Secretary.
WILLIAM WALKER, Treasurer.
DICK BIRNS, Sergeant-at-Arms.
JOHN PACK, Inner Guard.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
544 NINTH STREET.

Louisville, Ky., 19

Friend Bill,

I thought I should write you and ask if you know of any of our color who is out of work and would like to get work here. There is plenty of work here for people of our color both for the city and on the sewers if you see any of them you can send them to our club 544-9th street where they will be met by friends who will see they are taken care of and put to work we are going to have an election here and the people now in power in the city hall want all the colored people they can get to come here

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JOHN PACK, Inner Guard.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
544 NINTH STREET.

Louisville, Ky., 19

If the republican party wins this fall we will have everything both city hall and courthouse and people of our color will be on an equality with any dam white person the saloons are closed on sundays but colored people has privileges and you get all you want none of the saloons run by our color have to close on sundays now Bill be sure and see some of the boys and tell them to come to Louisville, it is certainly the place for us people

Hope to see you soon
Your Friend
Pinkney

TROOPS CALLED TO BREATHITT

Judge J. P. Adams Sounds Call To Arms.

Is Republican Candidate For Re-election.

Reign of Terror Over Distribution of Ballots.

DEMOCRATS AGAINST ACTION.

(By Associated Press.)

Jackson, Ky., Oct. 31.—State troops will be on guard in Breathitt county to-morrow and Tuesday, November 2, during the hours of the election and as long thereafter as there is probability of bloodshed as a result of the heated contest which has grown out of the bitter campaign being waged here over county and district offices. The request for troops was telegraphed to-day to Lieut. Gov. Cox, who is Acting Governor, at Frankfort, in the temporary absence of Gov. Wilson.

Lexington Company Ordered.

Acting Gov. Cox at once communicated with Adjt. Gen. Johnston and the latter to-night ordered the Lexington company of the State Guard into service to cover the Breathitt county situation throughout the day of election and so long as the services of the military may be required.

It is understood that the Lexington troops will arrive here on a special train late to-night or early to-morrow.

Judge Adams Makes Call.

Judge J. P. Adams, on whose application the troops were ordered out, is the Republican nominee for re-election as Circuit Judge.

His opponent is Judge D. B. Redwine, of Jackson, one of the counsel for the defense in the numerous criminal and civil prosecutions against the late Judge James Hargis. It is generally believed that whoever carries Breathitt county will win.

Follows Reign of Terror.

The calling out of the troops to-night followed a reign of terror here Friday and Saturday of last week. An armed band of men, alleging that they feared the defense in the numerous criminal and civil prosecutions against the late Judge James Hargis. It is generally believed that whoever carries Breathitt county will win.

Denounce Calling Out of Troops.

The local Democratic leaders are bitter in their denunciation of the calling out of the troops, alleging that this move has been made for the purpose of intimidating the voters.

HURRY CALL COMES TO ACTING GOVERNOR.

Message for Troops Says Fight Is Imminent and the Officers Are Powerless.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 31.—(Special.)—In response to the following telegram from an official in Breathitt county, which was received to-night by Acting Governor Cox, the Lexington company of the State Guard was ordered mobilized as quickly as possible and will go to Jackson on a special train to-night.

"Situation exceedingly critical at

(Continued On Third Page.)

POLICE HAVE BEEN IN POLITICS EVERY MINUTE

Began As Soon As Grinstead Became Louisville's Mayor.

Used By Administration To "Put Over" the Taft Primary.

Neglect Duty To Public To Carry Out Designs of Republicans.

HONEYCOMBED FROM HIGHEST TO LOWEST.

EMPLOYEES ENTITLED TO FOUR HOURS TO VOTE

Section 1574, Kentucky Statutes.—Right of Employee—Employers, Refusing Leave.—Any person entitled to a vote at any election in this State shall, on the day of such election, be entitled to absent himself from any services or employment in which he is then engaged or employed for a period of four hours, between the time of opening and closing the polls; and such voter shall not, because of so absenting himself, be liable to any penalty, nor shall any deduction be made on account of such absence from his usual salary or wages. Provided, however, that application for such leave of absence shall be made prior to the day of election. The employer may specify the hours during which said employee may absent himself, as aforesaid. Any person or corporation who shall refuse to an employee the privilege hereby conferred, or shall discharge or threaten to discharge an employee for absenting himself for the purpose of said election from his work, or shall subject an employee to a penalty or deduction of wages, because of the exercise of such privilege, or who shall, directly or indirectly, violate the provisions of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be fined in any sum not less than \$50 nor more than \$500.

The claim of the Grinstead administration and the Republican leaders that the police have been taken out of politics since the induction of Mayor Grinstead into office is not only preposterous but it is an imposition on the public. It is not only the basest of hypocrisy for such a claim to be made by the Grinstead forces, but it is a superlative piece of mendacity. The records of the Republican party for the past two years show that not for a minute since Grinstead was elected Mayor have the police been out of politics. Two Republican alleged primaries have been held since Mayor Grinstead went into office, and the conduct of the police at both elections was the most reprehensible, and this statement is made upon the affidavits and declarations of Republicans themselves.

Police Now With Poll Books.

During the past week police officers, detectives and patrolmen, armed with Republican poll books, have been making a house to house canvass to mark the registration lists for the Republican organization and former Democratic policemen have been assigned to this work in some cases as a test of their fealty to the Republican "reform" party.

Republican policemen have made it a point to harass and browbeat Democratic business men ever since the campaign began. Where one had the independence to display the picture of Mr. Head, the Democratic nominee for Mayor, threats have been made by Republican policemen if the picture was not removed. It happened to be a saloonkeeper who was a Democrat, policemen in citizens' clothes and detectives from headquarters have been sent to the saloonkeeper and have stood watch over his saloon day and night to intimidate his customers and annoy the proprietor. When the proprietor complained, he was told he could put a stop to the espionage by declaring for the Republican nominee.

From the Board Down.

Beginning with the Board of Public Safety itself and running down to the worst partisan patrolman the police department is honeycombed with politics. When citizens of Louisville appealed to the Republican Board of Public Safety for a look at the public records of the police, they were refused by the board and it was only after a suit was filed in court that the board finally permitted the public records to be examined. That was their attitude for more than a year, and W. Garnett Munn, backed by other members of the board, declared that if the public wanted a look at the records of the police they would have to sue to get it.

The charge was made two months ago that Republican negro clubs were running "blind tigers," selling liquor on Sunday and after hours during the week, and shooting craps, and all this without Government, city, county or State license and without interference from the police. When the exposure was first made, the inactivity of the police was explained by the Board of Public Safety by saying Capt. Pfau was ill and couldn't look after his district. Capt. Pfau recovered, but nothing was done, and it was denied by the police that blind tigers were running. Notwithstanding efforts of the police to hide the fact that these blind tigers were being run, the October grand jury indicted the proprietors of two of them, and when an effort was made by political influences to get a clean bill of

If a man known to be a Democrat happened to be out working for the organization, or if he was suspected of working for the organization, he was placed under arrest by a cluster of Republican police on the charge that the citizen was following politics. If a Democrat with the courage of his convictions happened to commit the offense of yelling for W. O. Head, the Democratic nominee, he was arrested by the Republican police on the charge of disorderly conduct.

If the Republican police happened to see a Democratic election officer so much as standing on the street, he was placed under arrest on the same charge. This of late has been done so frequently that it gives rise to the suspicion that daily orders are given at the city hall to "go out and arrest a Democratic election officer."

Policemen In Registration Places.

Contrary to the law, many of the policemen during the registration, especially in the negro voting districts, not only remained near the polls, but they entered the polling places and took seats. Some had to be reprimanded by their election officers for meddling with their work. The arrest of Maj. William A. Colston and others, who were doing

Envelope In Which "Blind-Tiger" Letter Was Mailed.

If not delivered, return to
Young Men's Colored Republican Club,
544 Ninth Street,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Mr. William Harris
149 West Water St.
Lexington Ky.

A Fine Lace Chance

We have just received a small lot of very pretty Point de Paris Laces and Insertions that we shall sell at half their value. They are from 1 1/4 to 6 inches wide, and are suitable for underwear and fancy work. Everybody knows this sterling lace and it is only necessary to say that these are 20c values offered at,

10c

John & Lewis Co.

their duty at the registration polls in the way of preventing illegal registration, was one of the outrages committed by the Grinstead administration. Not only was he denied the right to vote, but he was also denied the right to be a juror, and he was also denied the right to be a witness in a court of law.

The first primary held under the Grinstead administration by the Republican party was on April 25, 1908. The confounding factor was the fact that the primary was held on a day when the weather was so bad that it was impossible for many of the voters to get to the polls.

Police Capture Ballot Box. "What was the result?" When H. H. McCulloch, present City Recorder, and always a Republican, and his henchmen saw that the Fairbanks people were going to organize and carry the primary, they made a rush for the police, and soon Capt. Wickham and a force entered the hall, and with detectives were already in the hall, the ballot box was seized and taken into an adjoining room and kept by the police.

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elections and a fair expression of the people's will at all times and places. In the course of the same statement Mr. Thatcher said:

"Among the police officers whom, I am informed, were the most active in behalf of Taft were Detectives George Denning, Robert J. Foster and Capt. Lee Speed and Capt. Steve Wickham. Foster was later made captain for his excellent political work and has frequently been in the Police Court under charges. On one occasion Judge Wickham, after hearing Foster's testimony, said he did not believe him. Foster has also been fined for assaulting a citizen."

Capt. John W. Davis, a Republican, in the Fifth ward on April 25, while the notorious primary was going on, spoke thus to David W. Fairchild and Postmaster Robert E. Woods:

"You have been demanding fair elections for Louisville, now prove that you want fair elections."

Never Saw Such Outrages. At the courthouse poll on April 25, after witnessing the infamous outrages, Senator William C. Bradley said:

"I have never yet seen an election or primary anywhere with such gross, outrageous and altogether flagrant frauds. Repeaters from all quarters have come pouring in."

In an affidavit sworn to and published in the Courier-Journal of April 22, following the infamous primary, Henry D. Deitz, a Republican, said:

"As a result of the Fairbanks people in the Fifth ward I was assaulted and the ballot box taken from me. I called on a policeman to protect me and he refused."

James W. Brents, a Republican, in an affidavit concerning the infamous primary, said:

"I saw ballots exchanged in the Sixth ward for checks. There was no secrecy. Everybody was encouraged to vote as they pleased and with as many ballots as possible."

Frank Tanner, a Republican, in an affidavit, said in the Eighth ward he saw Taft negro and white repeaters at the polls crowding in and voting.

In an affidavit published in the Courier-Journal of April 23, 1908, Councilman Bradford said:

"The proceedings in the Ninth ward was a farce. There was no semblance of a fair vote. The saloon crowd and craphooting negroes were out in full force."

R. L. Gwathmey, in an interview in the Courier-Journal of April 29, 1908, said:

"The office of Mayor Grinstead Saturday and informed him that the inmates of the Home for the Aged and Infirm had been brought to the city and were being voted like cattle for Taft. I want you to go and witness it with your own eyes."

"I decline to go," replied the Mayor, "for I do not care to witness my party's disgrace."

At the close of the Republican primary, May 17 last, Louis Vissman, Smith worker in the First ward, said:

"We put it over the plate."

W. Marshall Bullitt's famous statement after the infamous April primary of 1908 was:

"We put it over the plate."

Pat Maloney, in a deposition in the Gavety case recently worked by Ed Green, chairman of the Board of Public Safety, said Green came to him on Fourth avenue and Chestnut street and said:

"Look back, better vote your boys again to make sure."

In his deposition Maloney stated that Green gave the boys 50 cents apiece to vote for Taft, and he remonstrated that it was mighty cheap for votes.

What was the result?

BOMBS THROWN IN CHICAGO CLUBS INTERESTS TAFT

Terror Created by Feud of Tarries Long While in Old Gambler.

Buildings Within Radius of Block Damaged.

Guests of Two Big Hotels Will Be Guest of Mississippi To-day.

THEATERGOERS IN A PANIC. STATE CAPITAL FESTIVITIES.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Two bombs which exploded with terrific force in the downtown section of the city early to-night caused considerable damage to property and created great excitement. The first bomb exploded soon after 6 o'clock in a building at 250 State street, and the other followed fifteen minutes later in a building near the corner of La Salle and Madison streets. In the State street building the Empire Club is located and the building at Madison and La Salle streets housed the Worth Jockey Club. Both clubs are said to be operated by a faction of local gamblers.

Make Thirty-three Explosions. For two years bombs have been exploded intermittently in Chicago in the vicinity of places declared to house gambling clubs and bookmakers' establishments. The bombs exploded to-night were the thirty-second and thirty-third in number that have been thrown in what is believed to be a quarrel between syndicates of gamblers, who operate in violation of the law.

Many Buildings Damaged. The explosion in State street shook the heart of the city, and buildings within a radius of a block were damaged, hundreds of windows being broken. The lower floors of the building were occupied by the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company. The explosion created havoc in the store room on the first floor, scattering stock over the floor and blowing out plate glass windows in the front and all the windows in the rear of the structure. The Chicago Automobile Club, the Imperial and Inter-Ocean Hotels and the Premier Theater, a vaudeville house, which was filled with people when the bomb was fired, were damaged. The detonation frightened the audience and men and women rushed for the street in a panic, but no one was injured.

First in Empire Club. The police found that the first bomb had been thrown apparently in the upper floors of the building occupied by the Empire Club, formerly managed by "Social" Smith and "Harry" Perry. A bomb was exploded there a year ago last July. Since that time Smith and Perry are reported to have sold out their interests in the Empire Club and begun operations only a few days ago. This syndicate, it is reported, had also obtained control of the Worth Jockey Club in Madison street, where the second bomb was fired to-night. In both places handbooks on the races are said to have been operated. In the Madison street building the ground floor is occupied by a saloon. The club is located on the fourth floor. Above it is a hat manufacturing establishment, which was damaged far more than the clubrooms.

Hotel Guests Startled. Guests of the La Salle Hotel, across the street from the Worth Jockey Club, were startled by the second explosion. In the first explosion the shock started guests at the Great Northern Hotel had a block away. In both cases alarms of fire were sounded, but no fire resulted from the explosions. No arrests were made.

BABY BORN AFTER SUICIDE OF MOTHER.

Physicians Perform Caesarian Operation in Philadelphia Hospital and Produce Healthy Child.

Philadelphia, Oct. 31.—After Mrs. May Schneider had committed suicide to-day by drinking carbolic acid, a healthy baby girl was born in the hospital where the woman had been taken. Mrs. Schneider, who was 18 years of age, swallowed the poison in the room she occupied with her husband. She was quickly removed to a hospital where she died shortly after her admission. After a hasty preparation the physicians performed a caesarian operation and succeeded in saving the life of the baby.

DEATH CRASH ON CURVE OF QUEEN AND CRESCENT.

Engineer Killed and Two Other Trainmen Injured in a Collision.

Danville, Ky., Oct. 31.—Engineer Roscoe Leach was killed, Engineer John Downey and Fireman Byrd were seriously injured in a collision between freight trains near McKinney Station on the Queen and Crescent route. The victims are from this city. Byrd was killed from burns.

Both trains were running down grade and met on a curve, where the grade reached the lowest point. The cause of the wreck is unknown.

Thirty-six freight cars were smashed and the Queen and Crescent route. The passenger train which left Cincinnati this morning is held here.

BRITISH WARSHIPS AT GREEK PORT.

Athens, Oct. 31.—Four British warships have arrived at Piræus, near Athens. The rebellion, for the time being at least, is at an end. The last being at least, is at an end. The last being at least, is at an end.

Others Besides Anglo-Saxons.

"One of the advantages of living in a State like Louisiana is that we have a proper sense of proportion with reference to the place that we occupy in history. In a State like Ohio, we are apt to think that we are the whole thing—that there was nothing but the Anglo-Saxon race that made history. But it does not diminish one's pride in an Anglo-Saxon descent to be made aware of the fact that other races have contributed to make modern Christian civilization, and I never miss the opportunity when I can to pay tribute to the French and the Spanish, who had so much to do with the early history of this country."

Pirates.

"Of course all races are subject to criticism. There are none of us perfect and there was a time when those heroes that we like to paint now as heroes, if you examine them a little closely came pretty near answering the present definition of pirates. When the history of our hero Morgan, who at one place was known as a buccannier and at another a Governor of Jamaica, and others are looked into, we pass them over with a feeling that it needs distance to lend enchantment, but they were the outgrowth of the civilization that then existed and though the progress at that time did not seem to lead they were all making toward higher standards and a better life in this generation."

Tribute To Southern Women.

"As to the present State of Louisiana, I am saturated with admiration and respect for it. I have been living with the Governor and with the Mayor of New Orleans. I have had a very close acquaintance with the beautiful women of New Orleans; but it was given to me last night to see at the opera such a brave and such an audience as I doubt could be equaled anywhere in this country. And then I was under the guardianship of a gentleman who insisted on taking me into a corner where only men were admitted, and passing by these gracious faces that indicated that for the time at least they were willing to meet the President of the United States."

Graciously Makes Another Speech.

The President was tired and rather inclined to protest when told he had to make a speech at the Sacred concert, but he succumbed gracefully and said:

"I have been taken in the city of New Orleans, and I have been living with the Governor and with the Mayor of New Orleans. I have had a very close acquaintance with the beautiful women of New Orleans; but it was given to me last night to see at the opera such a brave and such an audience as I doubt could be equaled anywhere in this country. And then I was under the guardianship of a gentleman who insisted on taking me into a corner where only men were admitted, and passing by these gracious faces that indicated that for the time at least they were willing to meet the President of the United States."

Broad Tolerance.

"You have freedom of religion in Louisiana, as we have in other States, but there is something about your broad tolerance that we might well imitate in other States. When we find his grace, the archbishop of the Roman Catholic church, and the rabbi of the Jewish church and the ministers of the Protestant church all joining in this unique celebration, we understand what we mean by the tolerance and broad freedom of Louisiana."

Speaks of Lieut. Aiken.

"But, as I stand in the presence of a New Orleans crowd, I stand in an academic atmosphere. I cannot refrain from allusion to the heroic deed recently met by a young, bright, able man of your country, Lieut. Aiken, of the navy. He saw his dangerous duty and with his men under him, thoughtful of their safety, he led them into a place of danger, fell and was overcome, and the only thought he had as he was about to meet his death was as he asked his men to go forward and finish the job. It is such standards of living and of doing that I like to think are inculcated, not only at West Point and at Annapolis, but in the education of the citizenry. It is such standards of living and of doing that I like to think are inculcated, not only at West Point and at Annapolis, but in the education of the citizenry."

MISSISSIPPI'S GUEST TO-DAY.

Festivities Will Close With Banquet To President.

Jackson, Miss., Oct. 31.—Jackson is in readiness to-night to receive the first President of the United States who has ever consented to honor Mississippi's Capital city with a formal visit. It is the first time that the city has had a visit from a President of the United States. A chorus of 400 men and women sang "Dixie" as the President arrived. From a stand erected in the center of the campus, and facing the big football grandstand, the President made his second speech of the day. He retired on board his train at 7:10 p. m.

Tribute To French.

In his address at Jackson barracks, after telling of his acquaintance with the French in Quebec province, Canada, where he used to spend his summers and where the various French legends "lived the good sense to marry French wives," the President said:

"Now, that country illustrates that the French love of France remains wherever the French race is, only to strengthen the ties of friendship and good will. The plays in support of the government to which it owes allegiance."

Ohio Not Only Place.

"Of course, we love Louisiana and I want to say it is the only part of our country that has a picturesque quality, but when you come from a place like Ohio that has some history I will admit that it has nothing to remind you as you are here reminded of those who built so well in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth centuries. I visited the French quarter to-day and he pointed out to me the habitation and the other buildings that were erected during the generation when Spain was here in control and one could identify with the experience of the Philippines in Cuba and in Porto Rico, that same strength of construction built for centuries that characterizes the Spanish work wherever it may be."

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The Fire Friday

AT OUR PLANT

While doing considerable damage and destroying some of our buildings, will not interfere with our business, as it did not reach our yards and dry sheds.

We are prepared to fill all orders at once—large or small. Building Material, Shingles, Siding, Flooring, Laths, Framing, Doors, Columns, etc.

W. J. Hughes & Sons Co.

(Incorporated)

Fourteenth and Maple

Many Thousands OF SUFFERERS FROM Chills, Fever & MALARIA

HAVE BEEN CURED BY THE USE OF

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC.

IT WILL CURE YOU.

For Sale By All Druggists. 50c and \$1.00 Bottles.

ARTHUR PETER & CO., Gen'l Agents, Louisville, Ky.

TELLS WHY Walsh Tailoring

He Will Vote For First Time For Democrats.

U. G. SHUCK SAYS GRINSTEAD MISLED HIM.

TELLS OF EXTRAVAGANCE IN STREET CLEANING.

ABOUT NEGRO DOMINATION.

"For the first time in his life, Ulysses Grant Shuck, a brother-in-law of Republican Alderman Charles A. Hess, will stand under the rooster to-morrow morning. Mr. Shuck has had enough of false promises and negro domination. He is a respected German citizen, registered also for the first time as an independent, who lives at 1129 Floyd street. His occupation is that of an interior decorator. Mr. Shuck last night volunteered to give his reasons for breaking away from the only party he has ever known, long enough to correct local abuse."

"In the first place," said Mr. Shuck last night, "I want it understood that I am not a disappointed officeholder. I never asked the Republicans for anything, and I would not take anything from the Democrats should they win. My only desire to go into print is to help the workingman of Louisville by telling of my views and experiences with the Republican party in power here in Louisville."

"Negro domination is not all talk and wind. Wherever I go I cannot fail to notice that the negro has become more impudent and familiar. I fear what might happen if the present conditions of things continued. To my mind he is dangerous to the city unless held to a strict account of the law."

"This, however, is not my big reason for voting for Mr. Hess. As I believe that if the negro, under the Republicanism, came too bad that they might be forced to quit making terms with them. I am influenced principally to vote for Mr. Hess because Mayor Grinstead has not kept faith with me. I was one of hundreds of men who voted for him at the last election. As I was in the audience I took it that the promise was made to me. Believing that I have held him to account."

... ..

Misled By Grinstead.

"He says he has kept the promise. I say that he misled me and has done so."

... ..

Evening by Gov. Noel, Chief Justice A. H. Whitfield, Judge Henry C. Niles, Mayor A. C. Crowder, the Hon. E. Quinn, Secretary of War Dickinson, Speaker J. G. Cannon, the President and others.

The presidential party leaves Jackson at 12:15 a. m. Gov. Noel will accompany the President to the border of the State.

DR. COOK COMMENDED AT HELENA, MONT.

Arctic Explorer Gets Proper Recognition From Members of the Civic Club.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 31.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, Arctic explorer, was commended last night at the close of his lecture before the Helena Civic Club by the adoption of resolutions in part as follows:

"We welcome this opportunity of extending the congratulations of the citizens of the Capital city of Montana to Dr. Cook upon the successful accomplishment of his explorations, expressing our admiration for the results of his work, but even more our admiration for the manner in which he has conducted himself under exceedingly trying circumstances."

TWELVE KILLED IN MINE EXPLOSION

DYNAMITE SUPPOSED TO BE THE CAUSE.

VICTIMS EMPLOYED IN PENNSYLVANIA COLLIERY.

THREE ESCAPE ON LADDERS.

Johnstown, Pa., Oct. 31.—Twelve men were killed in the Cambria Steel Company's coal mine, two miles from Johnstown, to-night as the result of what is supposed to have been dynamite explosion. All the dead are foreigners. Three men escaped with their lives by a perilous climb on life ladders through poisonous mine gases and falling slate up the steep walls of the main shaft.

The explosion occurred as the workmen were putting their tools to the end of their day's work. A force of men, working in shifts, began clearing the debris and fallen slate in the lower levels of the mine where the explosion occurred. It was hours before the workers gained perceptible headway. When the final barrier of rocks was passed the rescue party found twelve huddled forms close together, the bodies indicating that the men died of suffocation.

Mine officials refused definite information as to the cause of the disaster, saying they were awaiting the arrival of State mine examiners to-morrow before issuing a statement.

Negro Killed By Train.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Oct. 31.—(Special.)—Claude Baker, a Danville negro, was run down and instantly killed by the eastbound Southern passenger train near the North Main street crossing here last night. His head was severed from his body.

Only One "Bromo Quinine" that is

Latavie Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

on every box 25c

BALLOTS WILL FLY TO-MORROW

Three States To Choose Full Tickets.

Municipal Campaigns Have Been Feature.

New York, Philadelphia and Frisco Storm Centers.

THREE WHIRLWIND WIND-UPS.

New York, Oct. 31.—Elections will be held next Tuesday in many States and cities throughout the country. Three States will elect Governors and full State tickets, namely: Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Virginia. New Jersey will elect both branches of the Legislature. Pennsylvania will elect a Treasurer, Auditor General and Judge of the Supreme Court. Nebraska will elect two Justices of the Supreme Court and three University Regents.

In point of interest, the municipal campaigns of New York, Philadelphia and San Francisco exceed the State contests. In each of these municipal contests the reform question is a dominant issue.

Practically all of the contests, State and municipal, are on local issues, with no national questions involved.

Sharp Campaign In Massachusetts.

The Massachusetts campaign has been short and sharp. Gov. Eben S. Draper, Republican, is seeking re-election against James H. Vahey, Democrat, who opposed Gov. Draper in the campaign of last year. The Independence League, an important factor in the last three campaigns, did not enter the contest this year.

In Rhode Island the same three candidates for Governor who opposed each other last year again held the leading tickets this year. Gov. Aron J. Pohler, being the Republican nominee and Olney Arnold the Democratic.

War On Tammany.

Chief interest in New York has centered in the whirlwind municipal campaign of New York City, which has been one of the bitterest ever held. With three majority candidates in the field, Justice William J. Gaynor, Democratic and Tammany nominee; Otto T. Bannard, the Republican, and William H. Hearst, the Civic Alliance candidate, party lines have been shattered to such an extent that political managers are guessing at pluralities for the candidates.

The issues are the overthrow of Tammany Hall and an effort of the Republican and Civic Alliance forces to obtain control of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, which will have control of the vast expenditures of money for subways and other municipal undertakings.

Majority elections will be held at other up-State points. In the State a full delegation to the lower branch of the Legislature is chosen.

Reformers Busy In Philadelphia.

In Pennsylvania the chief interest is in the battle that is being waged in Philadelphia, where the reform element is endeavoring to break the power of the local Republican organization. The reformers, under the title of the William Penn party, have again placed D. Clarence Giboney, head of the Philadelphia Law and Order Society, in the field for District Attorney against Samuel P. Rotan, Republican, renominated. Giboney is also on the Democratic ticket, but the Democrats have not held a meeting in his interest nor officially endorsed him. The campaign has been most spirited, with the street car question a leading issue.

Eight Senators In Jersey.

The fact that the eight State Senators to be chosen in New Jersey this year will each have a vote at the session of 1911 for a United States Senator to succeed Senator John Kean adds about the only State-wide interest to the election. A full house of sixty members of the Assembly also is to be chosen.

Apathy In Virginia.

The campaign in Virginia has been marked by unusual apathy this year. The candidates to be elected are Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of the General Assembly and other State officers. The Democratic ticket is headed by Judge William Hodges Mann, a Confederate veteran, and strong temperance advocate, although standing on a platform which advocates local option, which the Republicans also favor. The Republican nominee for Governor is P. K. Kennerly, who resigned the office of American Consul General to Guatemala to make the race for Governor. The socialist-labor ticket is headed by A. K. Bennett.

Disfranchising Amendment In Maryland.

The paramount issue in Maryland is the so-called disfranchising amendment to the State Constitution, admittedly designed to eliminate the negro as a political factor in that State. In brief, the amendment contains an alternative provision by which the citizen may register and vote. First is the so-called "grandfather" clause providing for those who vote prior to 1869 and their descendants; second, a clause whereby citizens naturalized prior to November 2, 1869, and their descendants may register and vote. All not included within these clauses must either pay taxes on property assessed at \$200, or pass an educational test. The negro, having had no vote in Maryland prior to 1869, the educational test applies almost exclusively to him.

Maryland will elect a State controller, a new House of delegates and half the Senate membership. The Legislature, if Democratic, will return Senator John H. Harbo to the United States Senate.

Municipal Elections In Ohio.

Municipal and township officers will be elected in every community in Ohio. The issues are local and pertain largely to the personalities of the various candidates, although the temperance question is a factor in several cities. The majority contest in Cleveland is attracting considerable attention. Mayor John L. Johnson is a candidate for a fifth term on the Democratic ticket, is opposed by County Recorder

If you

are a progressive clothing merchant you must know of the really remarkable progress that has been made by The L System Clothes.

In the estimation of eighty odd thousand of this country's better-dressed Young Men, The L System stands for all that is good and desirable in out-of-the-ordinary, ready-for-service apparel.

We invite correspondence with a few high-standard merchants who want to increase their young men's trade.

H. M. Lindenthal & Sons
Style Originators
Chicago New York Boston



BIG CROWDS

That Follow Hearst's Campaign Portend Little.

JUDGE GAYNOR'S ELECTION FOR MAYOR LOOKS CERTAIN.

ENORMOUS JOB TO COUNT UNCLE SAM'S MONEY.

BOND ISSUE FOR WATERWAYS.

Washington, Oct. 31.—(Special).—The large and enthusiastic throngs who have greeted Mr. Hearst in his mayoralty campaign in New York remind one of the tremendous crowds that met Mr. Bryan, not only in New York, but all over the country, in his three campaigns for the presidency. As a matter of fact, it has long since been realized that campaign crowds count but little. It is the vote on election day that tells. But there is a vast difference as to the reason for the Bryan and the Hearst gatherings. The crowds for Bryan assembled on account of his matchless eloquence, charming personality and remarkable magnetism. Those of Mr. Hearst are assembled by a well-organized paid force of supporters.

Difference In Hearst Case.

In the Bryan case not a dollar was expended in getting up a big meeting; in the Hearst case it costs nearly a dollar a head or thousands of dollars. If, next Tuesday, Hearst should receive half of the votes that have attended his meetings and bled him he would be elected. As it is, he will hardly receive one-third of those who have yelled for him for the last two weeks. Just what votes he will get it is hard to guess, but 175,000 is a liberal estimate. With the opposition to Tammany divided on the mayoralty, it should elect its candidate, Judge Gaynor, by 75,000.

Counting Uncle Sam's Money.

The enormous job of counting Uncle Sam's money will be undertaken tomorrow by a committee of experts, aided by large corps of assistants. The occasion for the performance of this task is not that Uncle Sam has been robbed overnight, or that anyone has tried the lid of the Government strong box. But Lee McClung, Treasurer of Yale University, who was appointed some time ago as Treasurer of the United States, to succeed Charles H. Treat, will take the oath of office tomorrow, and Mr. Treat will retire. Before Mr. McClung gives a receipt for the valuables that will be turned over to him he wants to know that nothing is missing. It is the custom to count the money when there is a change of Treasurers.

Last Count In 1905.

The last count of the money was in 1905, when Mr. Treat took office and succeeded Ellis H. Roberts. It was said at the Treasury to-day it would require about three months to count the funds. Being a thrifty person, Uncle Sam has an amazing lot of wealth stored up. The amount in the reserve fund and the trust funds alone is about \$1,800,000,000. The Treasury statement shows that the gold coin and bullion held for the redemption of United States notes and Treasury notes alone amounts to \$150,000,000. In the trust funds held for the redemption of the notes and certificates, for which they are respectively pledged, there is the staggering amount of \$1,355,512,859 in gold and silver coin. Of this, the gold coin amounts to \$374,123,859.

One Billion In Gold.

Altogether there is more than one billion in gold alone in the Treasury. The task of counting the gold, however, is easy, compared to that of counting the silver. The trust funds contain nearly half a billion of silver dollars. The handling of the bags of silver is a laborious task and requires the services of many experienced laborers. The counting of the silver and gold coin is simplified by reason of the fact that it is done by weighing the bags of metal. If any bag is found short of weight or overweight an investigation is made.

Tour Through Southern States.

The office of Public Roads of the Department of Agriculture is preparing to send an engineer and a photographer on a tour through most of the Southern States for the purpose of securing accurate data, with explanatory photographs, showing the present status of road building and maintenance in the South. The exact itinerary has not yet been arranged, but it is probable that the party will follow the line of the Southern Railway through Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee and Alabama to Memphis, thence down through the delta country to New Orleans and thence eastward through Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, Florida and up the Atlantic seaboard.

Interesting and Useful Data.

The investigation will result in the assembling of much interesting and useful data, not only as to the extent of road building in the South, but the opportunities for improvement. From the standpoint of the road-builder, the tour will be exceedingly instructive, as it will afford opportunity for a comparative study of crushed stone, gravel, sand-clay, shell and other types of road under various conditions of climate, topography and traffic; and in addition to this, careful observations will be made of the experimental burnt-clay roads in the Mississippi Delta, and of the oiled burnt-clay roads at Greenville, Mississippi, constructed under the supervision of the United States office of Public Roads. The use of convict labor in road work will also be made a subject of careful study, as well as the economic results following the expenditure of large sums of money for road building in many of the Southern countries.

As the itinerary has not been definitely determined upon, it is possible that changes will be made from time to time in accordance with requests of various communities, who may desire to be represented in this government report.

Cannon's Opposition.

"Notwithstanding the outspoken opposition of Speaker Cannon to the authorization of bonds for waterway improvements, the fight will go on until it is won," said Capt. J. P. Ellison of Cincinnati, secretary of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, which meets in sixth annual convention in this city, December 1. "I anticipate that this will be the biggest and most enthusiastic convention ever held for the purpose of emphasizing the needs for a broad and comprehensive policy of waterway improvement. As the fact has gone forth that there must be rigid economy practiced during the next fiscal year in all the departments of the government, I very seriously doubt if a river and harbor bill, commensurate with the needs of the country, will be passed during the present Congress."

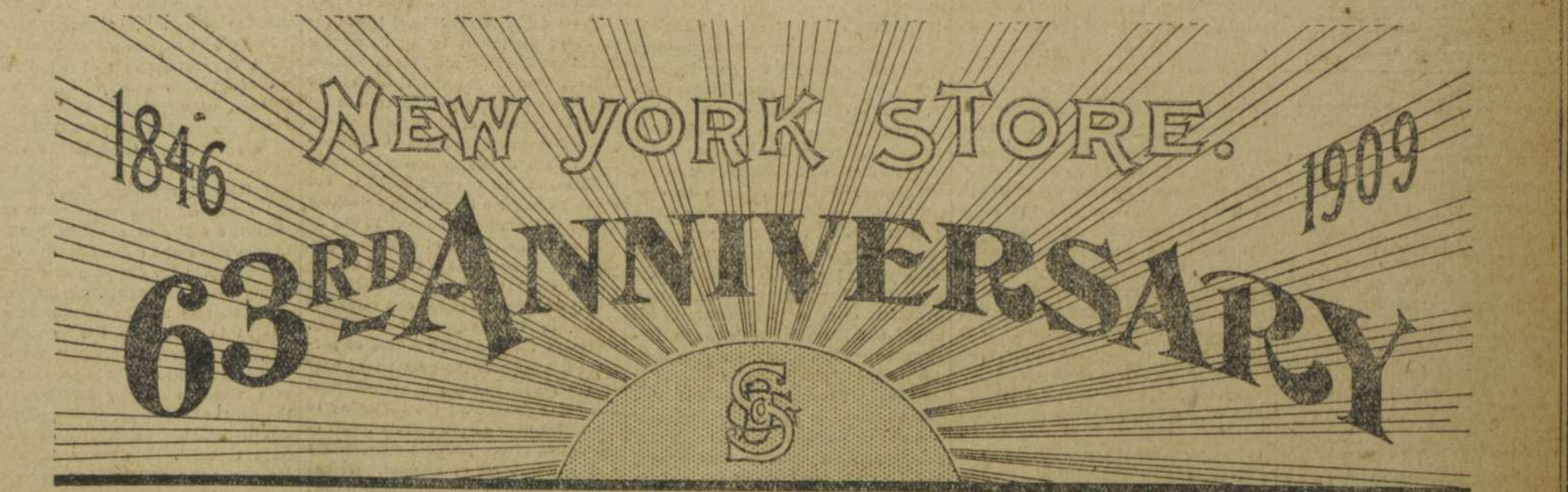
Platform Favoring Bond Issue.

The National Rivers and Harbors

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

Business Established Sixty-three Years.

NEW YORK STORE.



Sale Begins Wednesday, November 3, 1909
And Continues Throughout the Week.
See Tuesday Afternoon and Wednesday Morning Papers
For Advertised Prices.

BEGINNING WEDNESDAY, November 3, the New York Store celebrates the anniversary of its birth and incidentally tells of its beginning more than 60 years ago. Its New York connection, the James McCreery Store, was established a few years later and both have been celebrated for more than half a century for the excellence of their fabrics and the exclusiveness of their style and the reliability of their service.

It was natural that each should form a link in a great chain of stores, all closely affiliated, receiving from each organization cumulative benefits of years of successful merchandising. The combined capital of this syndicate exceeds by many millions the banking capital of all banks of this city. Its buyers are to be found in every well-known market of America, Europe and even Asia, and so great is its output that it absorbs the entire product of mills and factories, securing price reductions impossible to be obtained by anyone outside of this combination.

To show its strength, this mammoth anniversary sale has been projected, the greatest in the history of this company and one of the greatest in the history of the syndicate.

ITS SOUVENIRS WILL BE ITS CONCESSIONS IN PRICE.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

INCORPORATED
IN CONNECTION WITH JAS. MCCREERY & CO. NEW YORK

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.

INCORPORATED
IN CONNECTION WITH JAS. MCCREERY & CO. NEW YORK

TROOPS CALLED TO BREATHITT

(Continued From First Page.)

Jackson. Large body of armed men from both sides and fight is imminent. Officers at a powerless. Sent military aid by special train at once to report to me."

This message was signed by an official whose name is withheld by the Governor as it might cause trouble for the man who asked for the soldiers. Governor Cox resolved the message about 7 o'clock to-night. He had been congratulating himself all day that the trouble which had seemed to threaten Breathitt, was over. The story in the Courier-Journal of Sunday morning had stated that an agreement had been reached in the fight over the ballot to be used at the election on Tuesday. When the Governor read this he thought the opposing factions had dispersed and there would be no trouble.

As soon as Governor Cox read the message he got into communication with P. P. Johnston, Adjutant General. It was decided, at first, to send the Lexington company to Jackson on the regular train Monday morning. When

HEAD OF BREATHITT COURT.

Stevens and Second Lieut. M. C. Camps with twenty-two men of Company C, Kentucky State Guard of this city, left for Jackson at midnight on a special train consisting of a passenger coach and baggage. They expect to reach the county seat of Breathitt about 4 o'clock this morning, where further orders will await them.

An order for the Lexington soldiers to go to Breathitt by some machine did not come to Capt. Sam's hand until about 9:30 o'clock and it took some hot scurrying to gather even a portion of the men together on such short notice. Meanwhile Adj. Gen. Johnston by telephone from Frankfort had arranged with W. A. McDowell, general manager of the Lexington and Eastern railroad, to have the special train ready at 11 o'clock. In the hope of securing additional men the train was held until midnight, with the coach full of soldiers and the passenger car well stocked with ammunition and camp equipment.

Orders Given From Frankfort.

Capt. Sam's orders were given by



JUDGE JAMES P. ADAMS.

It was found that the schedule would not put the troops into the scene of the trouble until 11:20 o'clock Monday. It was decided to order out a special train. General Johnston communicated with Capt. Sams of the Lexington company, who was ordered to see his men together as quickly as possible.

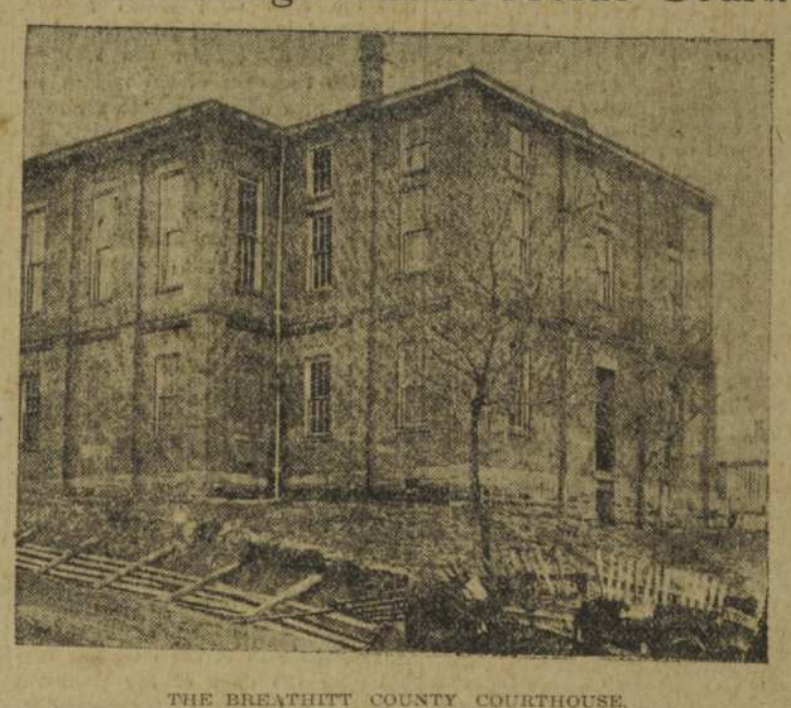
Governor Cox stayed in Frankfort to-night to keep in touch with the situation in Jackson and is doing everything in his power to prevent trouble.

TWENTY-TWO SOLDIERS LEAVE AT MIDNIGHT.

In Heavy Marching Trim They Depart From Lexington for "Bloody Breathitt."

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 31.—(Special).—Capt. J. R. Sains, First Lieut. F. W.

Where Judge Adams Holds Court.



THE BREATHITT COUNTY COURTHOUSE.

Adj. Gen. Johnston orally over the telephone from Frankfort and simply directed him to get together as many of his men as possible and proceed to Jackson by special train. Gen. Johnston informed him that further orders would await him upon arrival at Jackson.

While not a word has been received here to-day from Jackson, it is known by telephone from Frankfort that the troops were ordered out upon application of Circuit Judge J. P. Adams, Republican candidate for re-election in the Breathitt district, and that the reasons for his action were given to Gov. Willson and Gen. Johnston. The latter, who had spent the day on his farm near here, returned to Frankfort early this afternoon before the news reached here through Frankfort that soldiers had been asked to be sent to Jackson. The only means of communication with Breathitt's capital is the Postal Telegraph wire, which closed at 6 o'clock, and all efforts to reach the telegraph operator there to-night were in vain.

The soldiers went in heavy marching trim, as they did not know what is expected of them or how long they will be there. It is presumed that they will be placed by Gen. Johnston's order, why they reach Jackson under direction of Judge Adams.

It is not known here whether any

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troops from other points will be sent or not.

Gov. Willson Returns Home.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 31.—(Special).—Gov. Willson of Kentucky, cancelled all of his engagements in New Orleans to-day and left for Kentucky on the first train on a hurry call from Frankfort. A message was received by the Governor this morning stating that "Hall" was to pay in Breathitt county, and urging him to go to Frankfort at once. Gov. Willson, among his other engagements, had accepted an invitation to be the guest of the Kentucky Society of New Orleans, at an elaborate dinner to-night, but his hurried departure forced the cancellation of this engagement.

KENTUCKY BOY DRAWS LAND AT ABERDEEN, S. D.

Carrollton, Ky., Oct. 31.—(Special).—Jacob Mount Lee, who was formerly connected with the Carrollton News and who still retains his residence in Carrollton, but has been employed during the last few years in Minneapolis, was one of the successful persons in the recent land drawing at Aberdeen, S. D.

Dedicate New Church.

Melbourne, Ky., Oct. 31.—The Rev. D. W. Howell, of Louisville, State secretary of Baptist missionary work, officiated to-day at the dedication here of the new \$20,000 Baptist church. Twelve societies from surrounding towns came to help in the ceremony. The Rev. W. J. Mahoney, C. D. Grizzle and D. B. Jolly took part in the speaking at the dedicatory services.

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